

NASWA ABBREVIATIONS

*0000 = s/on = sign on
0000* = s/off = sign off
// parallel
a, A, approximate
AP A Portuguesa
ARO Amateur Radio Operator
BADX British Association of DXers
BBC MS BBC Monitoring Service
dial dialect
EIR East is Red
FBIS Foreign Broadcast Information Service
of the CIA
f/i fade in
f/o fade out
fund fundamental
GSTQ God Save the Queen
het heterodyne
Indo=Indon=Indonesian
Int Internationale
IS Interval Signal or Islands
ITU International Telecommunications Union
JKT Jenmin Kwangpo Tientai
lang unknown language
lbx letterbox
LL language lesson
lcl local
M man
mod modulation
mx music
NA National Anthem or North America
NF new frequency
nx news
px program(ming)
QC quarterly change
QRM interference
QRN static
QSB fading
QTH geographical location
rel religious
rev revolutionary
RF reactivated frequency
s/b should be
t or T = tentative
TC time check
tx transmitter
tk talk
tlk talk
UTE Utility station
v varies
vern vernacular
w/ with
W woman
w/b will be

wx weather
Af = Afr = Africa(n) or Afrikaans
As = Asia(n)
CA = Central America(n)
Eu = Europe(an)
Pac= Pacific
SA = South America(n)

AA Arabic
Afr Afrikaans
BB Bengali
Cant Cantonese
CC Chinese
CS Czech-Slovak
DD Dutch
EE English
FF French
GG German
II Italian
JJ Japanese
KK Korean (sometimes Khmere)
MM Malay
NN Norwegian
Pid Pidgin
PP Portuguese
RR Russian
SC Serbo-Croat
SS Spanish
TT Turkish
VV Vietnamese
Freq = fqy = frequency
All times in FRENEX are in GMT, 24 hour system.

When 3 digit numbers are given in the LOG REPORT, these are the "SIO" numbers rating the received signal. The criteria are:

Signal Strength - S
5 = Excellent, greater than S9+20 db
4 = Good, between S9+ 5 db and S9+20 db
3 = Fair, S7 to S9 + 5db
2 = Poor, S3 to S7
1 = Barely audible, less than S3

Interference(from other stations) - I
5 - None, 4 - Slight, 3 - Moderate,
2 - Severe, 1 - Extreme

Overall Merit - O
5 = Excellent (local quality), 4= Good,
3 = Fair, 2 = Poor, 1 = Unuseable